

"So You Think You Can Close?"

What is Sales?

- Sales is the process of identifying, engaging, and persuading potential customers to purchase a product or service. It involves understanding customer needs, presenting solutions that address those needs, and negotiating terms to reach a mutually beneficial agreement. Sales can take place in various settings, including direct-toconsumer (DTC), business-to-business (B2B), or online, and it plays a critical role in generating revenue and driving business growth.
- Great Salespeople do not have Customers, They have Clients!
 - o Clients have a Lifetime Value, Customers are Transactional.
- Knowing how to sell is more important than any facet of your organization.
- "I AM ONLY AS GOOD AS MY NEXT CLIENT!"
- "If I DON'T ASK, I DON'T GET!"
- Sales drives Cash Flow & Profitability.
- · Operational Capacity must support Sales Growth!

Characteristics of a Salesperson?

- A successful salesperson possesses several key characteristics that enable them to thrive in the competitive world of sales. These include:
 - Strong communication skills.
 - Active listening, which helps them understand customer needs.
 - They are also highly motivated, resilient, and able to handle rejection while maintaining a positive attitude.
 - Adaptability is important, as salespeople must adjust their approach based on the client or situation.
 - Additionally, strong problem-solving abilities and emotional intelligence help them build trust and long-lasting relationships with clients.

Additional Characteristics to Consider

- Age
- Appearance
- Gender
- Life Experience
- Alpha Personality
- Dreamer/Entrepreneur
- Self Motivated
 - Typically by Money

What is the Sales Process?

- Prospecting (Otherwise Known as Marketing)
- Qualification
- Needs Assessment
- Tailored Presentation
- Handling Objections
- Closing the Sale
- Follow-Up
- Post Sale Support
- Upselling/Cross Selling

Prospecting

Form of Marketing

- Networking
- Pounding the Pavement
- Direct Mail
- Email
- Existing Client Referrals

B2B Challenges

- Timing (Especially B2B)
- Whale Hunting vs Low Hanging Fruit
- Gatekeepers (Especially B2B)

Other Challenges

- Identifying Basic Definition of Who Clients Are?
- Initial Resistance

Qualification

Identifying if Lead is Worth pursuing!

- Requires Probing Questions.
 - Existing Resources (Can They Afford It?) What are they paying now?
 - Will our Offering Help or Hurt the Organization?
 - Is our Solution a Good Fit?
 - Are you Speaking to the Decision Maker?
 - Determine Level of Urgency.
 - Establish Rapport and Commonality.
 - People Buy from People they relate to.

Requires Active Listening.

- Process Information in order to understand without trying to respond.
 - 70% of Communication is Non-Verbal
 - Balancing Qualification & Relationship Building.
 - Prospect will teach you how to sell to them.

Needs Assessment

• Successful needs assessments require active listening, empathy, and the ability to guide prospects toward clarity while offering appropriate solutions.

Understanding Prospect

- Pain Points, Challenges, & Objectives
- Be mindful of Non-Verbals Cues. They will teach you how to sell them!

Customizable Solutions

o One Size Does Not Fit All. Understand the Pain Points, Challenges, & Objectives.

Build Trust & Credibility

Summarize What They Told You. (So What Your Saying Is)

Trial Close

- "If I could offer you a solution that would address those Pain Points, Challenges, &
 Objectives, would I have the opportunity to earn your business?"
 - Avoid Overpromising!

Tailored Presentation

Why Does it Matter? (Ensure Enough Time is Available!)

- Demonstrates Understanding
 - Shows that you are Actively Listening & Empathetic.
- Enhances Relevance
 - Shows you are not wasting their time.
- Addresses Objections
 - Best way to address potential objections is before they say them.
- Builds Credibility
 - Demonstrates your professionalism and expertise.

Steps (Ask Continuous Yes Questions!)

- Understand the Need & Customize Content. (Voice Inflection & Pauses)
- Provide Relevant Examples. Do you remember....? Have you ever......?
- Highlight the Benefits, & be prepared to adapt. (Use Referrals)
- Use phrases such as, "You told me"
- Use Menu Selling Approach. "I have three options that would address your need, which one works best for you?" Be Quiet, first one to talk loses!

Handling Objections

- If you do a thorough Qualification, Needs Assessment, and Tailored Presentation, the objections should be minimal.
- From a Personality Perspective, Handling Objections is Where the "Rubber Meets the Road."
 - NO FEAR. It's Not Personal, its Business. Get out of your Comfort Zone! Ask for the Business!

There are Only Three Possible Objections!

- Person, Product, or Price
- Don't be afraid to state the obvious in a jovial way. "Mr./Mrs. Client, I've been doing this for a long time and there's only three reasons that Clients Say NO,"
- Establish which "P" is causing the No.
 - 9 out of 10 times, the "NO" is a price issue.
 - "If I was to offer this for free, would you accept?"

Closing the Sale

- Assuming Prospect has yet to agree, it's time to Negotiate!
 - Know and Understand your Costs and Bottom Line by Heart!
 - You should already have gathered their existing Cost in Qualification and Needs Assessment Phase.
- Use Phrases such as "If I could, would you?"
 - Don't Respond Until They Do.
 - Hold on to your Bottom line offer to maintain profitability.
- In B2B Sales, attempt to Schedule the Next Appointment
- If a "No" still exists (DTC), Summarize the Costs & Benefits of your Offer.
 - Before you leave, you can offer your bottom line offer. (One in the Hand, Beats two in the Bush.)
 - Use Columbo Close, "I almost forgot"
 - Make sure offer has an expiration.
 - Don't Be Afraid to Walk Away. (You can't sell from desperation)
 - Not All Business is Good Business.

Follow Up

• Balancing Persistence with Patience: It's essential to be persistent enough to stay on the prospect's radar but not so persistent that you become a nuisance. Finding the right frequency of follow-up communications can be challenging.

Create a Follow Up Schedule in Operating System.

- Day 1, Day 3, Day 7, Day 14, Day 30. Then Monthly Automated messages.
- o Personalize all messaging for first 30 Days.
- Use Automation and Tasks for reminders.
- o Methods of Communication are Email, Text, Call, Letter, Personal Visit.
 - If you haven't done all methods, you haven't followed up!
 - Devise a new reason for Contact. (Promotion, etc)

Pit Bull Phase

- Assuming you are determined to earn their business, become one of their customers or refer someone you know to them.
 - They will feel indebted.

Post Sale Support

Managing Expectations

- After the sale, customers may have higher expectations than what was promised, leading to dissatisfaction if the product or service doesn't fully meet their perceived needs.
- Underpromise and Overdeliver!

Maintaining Responsiveness:

 Customers expect timely responses to their concerns or questions. However, managing a high volume of post-sales inquiries while maintaining quality service and personalized attention can be overwhelming.

Handling Complaints and Dissatisfaction

 Complaints are emotionally charged. Handling these situations tactfully and turning negative experiences into positive outcomes requires patience and empathy.

Preventing Churn

 Retaining customers after the sale is crucial, but if post-sales support is lacking, customers may choose to switch to competitors

Upselling/Cross Selling

Timing

 Finding the perfect timing, when the customer is ready to see added value, can be tricky. Only done if and when complete satisfaction with prior experience.

Understanding Needs

 To successfully upsell or cross-sell, salespeople must have a deep understanding of the customer's evolving needs.

Value

 Clearly articulating how the additional purchase benefits them or solves new problems is critical to gaining buy-in.

Customer Fatigue

 Ensuring that offers are relevant and spaced out is important to keeping customers engaged.



Mock Sales & Questions!



Thank You!